COMMONWEALTH OF PUERTO RICO
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND HUMAN RESOURCES
Office of the Secretary
Hato Rey, Puerto Rico

DEPARTMENT OF STATE
Regulation No. 7237
Date: October 20, 2006
Approved: Hon. Fernando J. Bonilla
Secretary of State

By: _____
Assistant Secretary for Services

RESOLUTION

I, Román M. Velasco González, Secretary of Labor and Human Resources, pursuant to the authority conferred by Section 8 of the Puerto Rico Occupational Safety and Health Act, Number 16 of August 5, 1975 as amended (29 LPRA 361 et. seq.), hereby amend the Puerto Rico Occupational Safety and Health Regulation, Number Ten (Part 1926) by adopting the following federal rule:

PART 10 OSH 1926

Occupational Exposure to Hexavalent Chromium, Corrections; 71 FR, No. 121, (36008-36010), June 23, 2006.

Section 1926.55 is corrected in Appendix A by revising the entry for "tert-Butyl Chromate (as CrO3)", removing the entry for "Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO3)", and adding an entry for "Chromium (VI) compounds" .

The adoption of the corrections of this amendment, will be effective immediately after its filling in the Department of Labor.

Given at San Juan, Puerto Rico on this AUG 29 2006

Román M. Velasco González
SECRETARY
DEPARTMENT OF LABOR AND
HUMAN RESOURCES

months of the projected release date, staff will conduct a program review at least once every 90 calendar days.

(b) *Inmate appearance before classification team:*

(1) Inmates will be notified at least 48 hours before that inmate's scheduled appearance before the classification team (whether for the initial classification or later program reviews).

(2) Inmates may submit a written waiver of the 48-hour notice requirement.

(3) The inmate is expected to attend the initial classification and all later program reviews. If the inmate refuses to appear at a scheduled meeting, staff must document on the Program Review Report the inmate's refusal and, if known, the reasons for refusal, and give a copy of this report to the inmate.

(c) *Program Review Report:* Staff must complete a Program Review Report at the inmate's initial classification. This report ordinarily includes information on the inmate's apparent needs and offers a correctional program designed to meet those needs. The Unit Manager and the inmate must sign the Program Review Report, and a copy must be given to the inmate.

(d) *Work Programs:* Each sentenced inmate who is physically and mentally able is assigned to a work program at initial classification. The inmate must participate in this work assignment and any other program required by Bureau policy, court order, or statute. The inmate may choose not to participate in other voluntary programs.

[FR Doc. E6–9829 Filed 6–22–06; 8:45 am]

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DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Occupational Safety and Health Administration

29 CFR Parts 1910, 1915, and 1926

[Docket No. H054A]

RIN 1218–AB45

Occupational Exposure to Hexavalent Chromium; Corrections

AGENCY: Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA), Department of Labor.

ACTION: Correcting amendments.

SUMMARY: The Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) is correcting errors in the final rule addressing occupational exposure to hexavalent chromium that appeared in the **Federal Register** on February 28, 2006.

DATES: Effective June 23, 2006.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Kevin Ropp, Director, OSHA Office of Communications, Room N–3647, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue, NW., Washington, DC 20210; telephone (202) 693–1999.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION: On February 28, 2006 (71 FR 10099), OSHA issued a revised standard for occupational exposure to hexavalent chromium. Subsequently, errors were discovered in the regulatory text. This notice is being published to correct these errors.

Correction of Publication

The following correcting amendments are made to the final rule for Chromium (VI) published in the **Federal Register** on February 28, 2006 (71 FR 10099).

■ Accordingly, 29 CFR parts 1910, 1915, and 1926 are corrected by making the following correcting amendments.

PART 1910—OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS

■ 1. The authority citation for part 1910 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Secs. 4, 6, 8, Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 653, 655, 657); Secretary of Labor's Order Numbers 12–71 (36 FR 8754), 8–76 (41 FR 25059), 9–83 (48 FR 35736), 1–90 (55 FR 9033), 6–96 (62 FR 111), or 5–2002 (67 FR 65008), as applicable.

■ 2. Section 1910.1000 is corrected as follows:

■ a. In Table Z–1 by revising the entry for "tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO_3)" and footnote 5, removing the entry for "Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO_3)", and adding a new footnote 6;

■ b. In Table Z–2 by revising footnote c.

The revisions and additions read as follows:

§ 1910.1000 Air contaminants.

* * * * *

TABLE Z–1.—LIMITS FOR AIR CONTAMINANTS

Substance	CAS No.[c]	ppm[a] [1]	mg/m³ [b] [1]	Skin designation
* * *				
tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO_3); see 1910.1026[6]	1189–85–1			
* * *				
Chromium (VI) compounds; see 1910.1026[5].				
* * *				

[1] The PELs are 8-hour TWAs unless otherwise noted; a (C) designation denotes a ceiling limit. They are to be determined from breathing-zone air samples.

[a] Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of contaminated air by volume at 25 °C and 760 torr.

[b] Milligrams of substance per cubic meter of air. When entry is in this column only, the value is exact; when listed with a ppm entry, it is approximate.

[c] The CAS number is for information only. Enforcement is based on the substance name. For an entry covering more than one metal compound, measured as the metal, the CAS number for the metal is given—not CAS numbers for the individual compounds.

* * * * *

[5] See Table Z–2 for the exposure limit for any operations or sectors where the exposure limit in § 1910.1026 is stayed or is otherwise not in effect.

[6] If the exposure limit in § 1910.1026 is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is a ceiling of 0.1 mg/m³.

TABLE Z–2

Substance	8-hour time weighted average	Acceptable ceiling concentration	Acceptable maximum peak above the acceptable ceiling concentration for an 8-hr shift	
			Concentration	Maximum duration
Chromic acid and chromates (Z37.7–1971) (as CrO_3)[c]		1 mg/10m³.		

[c] This standard applies to any operations or sectors for which the exposure limit in the Chromium (VI) standard, § 1910.1026, is stayed or is otherwise not in effect.

* * * * *

PART 1915—OCCUPATIONAL SAFETY AND HEALTH STANDARDS FOR SHIPYARD EMPLOYMENT

■ 3. The authority citation for part 1915 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Section 41, Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act (33 U.S.C. 941); sections 4, 6, 8, Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 653, 655, 657); Secretary of Labor's Order No. 12–71 (36 FR 8754), 8–76 (41 FR 25059), 9–83 (48 FR 35736), 1–90 (55 FR 9033), 6–96 (62 FR 111), 3–2000 (65 FR 50017) or 5–2002 (67 FR 65008), as applicable.

■ 4. Section 1915.1000 is corrected in Table Z by revising the entry for "tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO_3)", removing the entry for "Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO_3)", and adding an entry for "Chromium (VI) compounds."

The revisions and additions read as follows:

§ 1915.1000 Air contaminants.

* * * * *

TABLE Z.—SHIPYARDS

Substance	CAS No.[d]	ppm[a] *	mg/m³[b] *	Skin designation
tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO_3); see 1915.1026[n]	1189–85–1			
Chromium (VI) compounds; see 1915.1026[o].				

* The PELs are 8-hour TWAs unless otherwise noted; a (C) designation denotes a ceiling limit. They are to be determined from breathing-zone air samples.

[a] Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of contaminated air by volume at 25 °C and 760 torr.

[b] Milligrams of substance per cubic meter of air. When entry is in this column only, the value is exact; when listed with a ppm entry, it is approximate.

[d] The CAS number is for information only. Enforcement is based on the substance name. For an entry covering more than one metal compound, measured as the metal, the CAS number for the metal is given—not CAS numbers for the individual compounds.

[n] If the exposure limit in § 1915.1026 is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is a ceiling of 0.1 mg/m³.

[o] If the exposure limit in § 1915.1026 is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is 0.1 mg/m³ (as CrO_3) as an 8-hour TWA.

PART 1926—SAFETY AND HEALTH REGULATIONS FOR CONSTRUCTION

■ 5. The authority citation for part 1926 continues to read as follows:

Authority: Section 107, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (Construction Safety Act) (40 U.S.C. 333); secs. 4, 6, 8, Occupational Safety and Health Act of 1970 (29 U.S.C. 653, 655, 657); Secretary of Labor's Order 12–71 (36 FR 8754), 8–76 (41 FR 25059), 1–90 (55 FR 9033),), or 6–96 (62 FR 111), as applicable; 29 CFR part 1911.

■ 6. Section 1926.55 is corrected in Appendix A by revising the entry for "tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO_3)", removing the entry for "Chromic acid and chromates (as CrO_3)", and adding an entry for "Chromium (VI) compounds."

The revisions and additions read as follows:

§ 1926.55 Gases, vapors, fumes, dusts, and mists.

* * * * *

Appendix A to § 1926.55—1970 American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists' Threshold Limit Values of Airborne Contaminants

THRESHOLD LIMIT VALUES OF AIRBORNE CONTAMINANTS FOR CONSTRUCTION

Substance	CAS No.[d]	ppm[a]	mg/m³[b]	Skin designation
* * * * *				
tert-Butyl chromate (as CrO_3); see 1926.1126[n]	1189–85–1			
* * * * *				
Chromium (VI) compounds; See 1926.1126[o].				
* * * * *				

[3] Use Asbestos Limit § 1926.58.

[a] Parts of vapor or gas per million parts of contaminated air by volume at 25 °C and 760 torr.

[b] Milligrams of substance per cubic meter of air. When entry is in this column only, the value is exact; when listed with a ppm entry, it is approximate.

[d] The CAS number is for information only. Enforcement is based on the substance name. For an entry covering more than one metal compound, measured as the metal, the CAS number for the metal is given—not CAS numbers for the individual compounds.

[n] If the exposure limit in § 1926.1126 is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is a ceiling of 0.1 mg/m³.

[o] If the exposure limit in § 1926.1126 is stayed or is otherwise not in effect, the exposure limit is 0.1 mg/m³ (as CrO_3) as an 8-hour TWA.

Signed at Washington, DC, this 15th day of June, 2006.

Edwin G. Foulke, Jr.,

Assistant Secretary of Labor.

[FR Doc. 06–5590 Filed 6–22–06; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4510–26–P

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY

Coast Guard

33 CFR Part 117

[CGD07–06–073]

RIN 1625–AA09

Drawbridge Operation Regulations; Pinellas Bayway Structure "E" (SR 679) Bridge, Gulf Intracoastal Waterway, Mile 113, St. Petersburg Beach, Pinellas County, FL

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DHS.

ACTION: Temporary final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is temporarily changing the regulations governing the operation of the Pinellas Bayway Structure "E" (SR 679) Bridge, Gulf Intracoastal Waterway mile 113, St. Petersburg Beach, Pinellas County, Florida. This rule is needed to provide vehicular traffic relief during heavy vehicular traffic periods flowing into a nearby county park, as well as meeting the reasonable needs of mariners. This bridge will open on the hour and half hour, Friday, 2 p.m. until 6 p.m., Saturday, Sunday and Federal holidays from 9 a.m. until 7 p.m. until October 29, 2006.

DATES: This rule is effective from June 23, 2006 until 7 p.m. on October 29, 2006.

ADDRESSES: Documents indicated in this preamble as being available in the docket are part of docket CGD07–06–073 and are available for inspection or copying at Commander (dpb), Seventh Coast Guard District, 909 S.E. 1st Avenue, Room 432, Miami, FL 33131, between 7:30 a.m. and 4 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Mr. Barry Dragon, Project Officer, Seventh Coast Guard District, Bridge Branch, at (305) 415–6743.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Regulatory Information

We did not publish a notice of proposed rulemaking (NRPM) for this regulation. Under 5 U.S.C. 553(b)(B), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for not publishing an NPRM. Publishing an NPRM was impracticable and contrary to the public interest, because the rule is needed to provide for vehicular traffic relief and provides provisions for vessels to transit through the area twice per hour.

Under 5 U.S.C. 553(d)(3), the Coast Guard finds that good cause exists for making this rule effective less than 30 days after **Federal Register** publication. This rule provides for scheduled bridge openings for vessels to transit through the bridge.

Background and Purpose

The Pinellas Bayway "E" (SR 679) Bridge, Gulf Intracoastal Waterway mile 113, St. Petersburg Beach, Pinellas County, Florida, currently opens on signal; except that, from 9 a.m. to 7 p.m. the draw need only open on the hour, 20 minutes after the hour, and 40 minutes after the hour. The bridge provides vehicular access into and out of a popular county park.

Florida State Representative Rice's office, on behalf of the local citizens, requested the Coast Guard change the current operation of the bridge to two openings per hour during certain periods. The bridge will be required to only open on the hour and half-hour Fridays from 2 p.m. until 6 p.m. and Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays from 9 a.m. until 7 p.m. Public vessels of the United States, tugs with tows and vessels in distress shall be passed as necessary.

Discussion of Rule

The regulation was requested by Florida Representative Rice's office on behalf of the residents of St. Petersburg Beach and will provide temporary relief for vehicular traffic during periods of heavy traffic traveling into and out of a nearby county park, while continuing to provide for the reasonable needs of navigation. The bridge will be required to only open on the hour and half-hour on Fridays from 2 p.m. until 6 p.m. and on Saturdays, Sundays and Federal holidays from 10 a.m. until 7 p.m. The draw shall open as necessary for the passage of tugs with tows, public vessels of the United States and vessels in distress.

Regulatory Evaluation

This rule is not a "significant regulatory action" under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866, Regulatory Planning and Review, and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that